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The United Nations Security Council

Agenda: Solving the Israel-Palestine conflict with deliberation on the necessity of UN peacekeeping operations in the area Chairperson- Sarthak Singh Vice-chairperson- Harshvardhan Choukse -*Report By: Yana Raheja*

A great start for the committee today by the first GSL by the delegate of Ecuador, expressing its concern towards the conflict and suggesting a two-state policy respecting both of the conflicted countries. Onwards to the next speech by the delegate of Switzerland, recognizing the struggles of both countries and again concluding on the two-state policy. The third speech by the delegate of Malta energized the whole committee with a speech with great power and information. The fourth speech by the delegate of South Korea emphasized how heartbreaking the war is for the citizens of both countries, mostly sympathizing with Israel, the delegate was questioned about how their own country is facing religious matters and answered effortlessly. The next speech by the delegate of France concluded that they stood with the two-state policy.



The sixth speech by the delegate of Guyana emphasized the international war crime laws and how it can resolve the conflict, got questioned about its water disputes with Venezuela and refugee policy, more importantly, the delegate of Guyana being pro-Palestine, is completely against the policy of The USA but during times of need Guyana taking help of The USA is justified by the delegate as two separate matters and policies, a great irony. The delegate of China raised a motion to go into a mod caucus on the topic of solutions for how to help the Israel-Palestine conflict. The first few speeches given by the delegate only emphasized how the countries should be at peace and how two-state policy, during the speech of the delegate of Russia, the delegate mentioned how peace is the solution, however making it an irony as Russia is itself in a war with Ukraine. The speech given by the delegate of The USA, who mentioned policies about the UN charter and great resolutions to the problem, but as always great solutions have great questions to justify, but the delegate as always answered them with no

effort. After the speech given by the delegate of Switzerland, the delegate was inquired about why the motion raised by the delegate of the USA was not voted in support of the delegate as they support new treaties like these, the delegate of Switzerland apologized for going against the delegate's words. The rest of the speeches given by the delegates were moderately focused on the common solutions mentioned before and the blame game. The end of the mod brought about some new solutions yet mainly emphasizing the two-state policy. After the GSL given by the delegate of Algeria, a brief by the EB was given on how to format a Draft Resolution as a DR is a formal document that concludes with the solution to resolve the agenda of the committee, usually in a committee like UNSC, for a resolution to pass in almost impossible. As of now the committee has shown great progress in the resolvent towards the agenda and emphasizing the topics that matter with great controversies and and debates.



Draft Resolution - The first DR was introduced by the delegate of The USA called draft resolution 1.1. The draft was spoken by the delegate of USA and Switzerland. The DR passed quickly with no amendments or changes by the other bloc, moreover during the time for voting the delegate of China used veto power and scraped the DR. The opposition bloc expressed their anger by shouting "SHAME!SHAME!SHAME!"

The Draft Resolution 1.1:- Sponsors: Republic of Korea, Swiss Confederation, The Republic of Malta, The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, The United States of America Signatories: The French Republic, the State of Japan, The People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, The Republic of Ecuador, the Republic of Sierra Leone

1) Suggests the establishment of a Trusteeship Council, in accordance with Article 85 of the United Nations Charter, to oversee the transition period towards the establishment of a fully sovereign and independent Palestinian State, and calls upon the Secretary-General to convene an international conference to determine the modalities and mandate of the Trusteeship Council, with the participation of all relevant stakeholders: a) Condemns the actions of Hamas and recognizes the PLO as the sole official representative of the Palestinian people;

2) Condemns all acts of violence, terrorism, provocation, incitement, and destruction, and calls for immediate cessation of all hostilities, including rocket fire from Gaza, and calls for full respect for international humanitarian law, including the protection of civilians, especially children;

3) Calls for the immediate cessation of settlement activities, demolition of Palestinian homes, evictions, and the forcible transfer of civilians, in violation of international law;

4) Reiterates its call for the lifting of the blockade on Gaza and the opening of border crossings, and calls for the facilitation and access to humanitarian assistance to the Palestinian civilian population in Gaza, in accordance with international humanitarian law;

5) Calls upon the international community to provide urgently needed humanitarian assistance and support to the Palestinian people, including through UN agencies and other relevant organizations like the Red Cross and Doctors Without Borders;

6) Calls upon both parties to refrain from unilateral actions that undermine the prospects for a two-state solution, including annexation of territory, and reaffirms that the establishment by Israel of settlements in the Palestinian territory occupied since 1967 including a plebiscite and provision of dual citizenship, organized by the Trusteeship Council and including East Jerusalem, which has no legal validity and constitutes a flagrant violation under international law;

7) Stresses the importance of achieving a just, comprehensive, and lasting peace in the Middle East, based on relevant United Nations resolutions 242 (1967), 338 (1973), 1397 (2002), 1515 (2003), 1850 (2008), and 2334 (2016), and calls for the resumption of negotiations between the parties, with the support of the international community, towards the achievement of a two-state solution, where Israel and Palestine live side by side in peace and security, co-existing within recognized borders;

8) Suggests the deployment of a United Nations peacekeeping mission assisted by the sponsors and signatories of this resolution to monitor and enforce peace agreements and promote dialogue between Israel and Palestine;

9) Directs the UN Special Rapporteur on freedom of religion or belief for resolving the issue regarding allegedly illegal settlements in either Israel or Palestine;

10) Calls upon the UN High Commission of refugees to rehabilitate the refugees displaced by the actions of the entity mentioned in the previous clause;

11) Proposes the following amendments to UN Charter: **a)** Article 80: The rights of the Palestinian people to their territory and resources within the region shall be protected under international law, any agreements or arrangements that infringe upon these rights shall be deemed null and void; **b)** Article 109: The United Nations shall have the authority to convene a General Conference of its Members to deliberate on amendments to the Charter aimed at strengthening the two-state solution for the Israeli-Palestinian conflict, these amendments shall ensure accountability for violations of international law, and promote the peaceful coexistence of both Israeli and Palestinian states.

But as for the Draft Resolution for the delegate of China during the passing of the motion, the opposition bloc didn't let the motion pass and the motion failed, concluding the committee UNSC was a very active committee with great delegates but more importantly an amazing Executive Board. The committee was a great success.





Agenda:elimination of Unilateral Extraterritorial Coercive Economic Measures As Means off Political

and Economic Compulsion Chairperson : Ashwin Sameul Vice-chairperson : Anushka Dubey Reported By : Shouryaveer Singh Chouhan

The elimination of unilateral extraterritorial coercive economic measures refers to the cessation of using economic sanctions or penalties by one country against another, which extend beyond its own borders and affect third-party entities or countries. These measures are often employed as a form of political or economic compulsion to influence the behaviour or policies of another country.

Efforts to eliminate unilateral extraterritorial coercive economic measures often involve diplomatic negotiations, multilateral agreements, and adherence to international law. This could include strengthening international institutions such as the United Nations and the World Trade Organization to provide mechanisms for resolving disputes and addressing grievances in a more collaborative and equitable manner. Additionally, promoting dialogue and diplomatic engagement between countries can help to de-escalate tensions and resolve conflicts without resorting to coercive measures.

Agenda: elimination of Unilateral Extraterritorial Coercive

Economic Measures As Means off Political and Economic Compulsion Chairperson : Ashwin Sameul Vice-chairperson : Anushka Dubey



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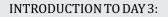
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DPSRMUN 2024

United Nations Commission on the Status of Women Agenda: "Strengthening the protection and empowerment of women in the Asian subcontinent, addressing the plights of Rohingya, Uyghur, Afghan women."

Chairperson: Siddhanth Nair, Vice Chairperson: Mauli Arora

by: Paras bagade



In the realm of diplomacy, where egos inflate, Bhutan starts the show with a bold, brash debate. "Oh Russia, dear Russia, we don't see you at all, You're just a figment, a landmass so small!"

Then enters the Board, fashionably late, As India fumbles, trying to set the date. "Oh motion, sweet motion, where did you go? Lost in a sea of incompetence, oh woe!"

But fear not, dear India, the vice chair is here, To rescue your dignity, to calm your fear. A hero in a suit, with a gavel in hand, Guiding you through this bureaucratic quicksand.

Next, the UK, Spain, Greece, and Finland unite, With a dramatic declaration, oh what a sight! "We're breaking up, Italy, Denmark, goodbye! We choose religion over rights, don't ask us why!"

And then comes Myanmar, with a plan so bold, To clear out Muslims, or so I'm told. "Jobs are scarce, blame them all," they decree, And women's rights? Pffft, not for me!

So here we are, in this diplomatic zoo, Where sarcasm reigns and absurdity ensues. But amidst the chaos, there's a lesson to find, In the theatre of diplomacy, truth is often maligned. Ah, the thrilling world of international diplomacy! In today's episode of "How to Dispute Like a Pro," our esteemed delegates from Bhutan kick things off

Together Towards Tomorrow

with a bold refusal to acknowledge Russia as a country. Talk about setting the tone!

Then, cue the fashionably late entrance of the EBs, adding a touch of glamour to the proceedings. But alas, the delegate of India steals the spotlight with a botched attempt at raising a motion, saved only by the heroic intervention of the vice chairperson.

Next, buckle up for a wild ride as the UK, Spain, Greece, and Finland decide to stage a dramatic breakup with Italy and Denmark over a religious vs. human rights spat. Oh, the drama!

But hold onto your hats, because here comes the delegate of Myanmar, waltzing in with some controversial opinions

about Muslims and job shortages, topped off with a hearty refusal to acknowledge women's rights. Classy, Myanmar, very classy.

And with that, dear delegates, we plunge headfirst into the chaotic abyss of international diplomacy. Brace yourselves!





Oh, what a shocker! The delegate from Bhutan just dropped the hottest take of the century: They don't acknowledge Russia as a country. Because, you know,



Who needs geography when you have such unparalleled insight?

Clearly,

Bhutan is leading the charge in geopolitical enlightenment.

Our journey begins with the delegate of Bhutan, boldly taking a stand by refusing to acknowledge the existence of Russia as a sovereign nation. Well, isn't that just the diplomatic equivalent of storming out of a room before the conversation even begins?



Next up, we witness the grand entrance of the Executive Board, fashionably late as always, adding a dash of flair to the otherwise mundane proceedings. But oh dear, the delegate of India swoops in with all the grace of a baby elephant trying to tap dance, stumbling over words in a feeble attempt to raise a motion. Fear not, for the vice chairperson swoops in like a caped crusader, saving the day from total linguistic catastrophe.



And now, brace yourselves for the pièce de résistance of today's circus: a melodramatic breakup saga featuring the UK, Spain, Greece, and Finland. In a move worthy of a reality TV show, they collectively decide to break ties with Italy and Denmark, citing a clash of values between religion and human rights. Ah, the theatrics of it all! I can practically smell the popcorn.



But wait, the drama isn't over yet! Enter the delegate of Myanmar, strutting into the room like a peacock with a bone to pick. With all the subtlety of a wrecking ball, they announce

their grand plan to clear out all the Muslims from their country because apparently, job shortages are all their fault. Oh, and let's not forget their charming declaration that women's rights are about as relevant as last year's fashion trends. Bravo, Myanmar, bravo.

And with that, dear delegates, we descend further into the abyss of diplomatic absurdity. So sit back, grab your popcorn, and prepare yourselves for the most entertaining diplomatic debacle yet.

Summary:

The committee session kicked off with the delegate of Bhutan refusing to recognize Russia as a country, setting a confrontational tone. Following the fashionably late entrance of the Executive Board, the delegate of India stumbled through raising a motion, requiring assistance from the vice chairperson. Drama escalated as the UK, Spain, Greece, and Finland dramatically severed ties with Italy and Denmark over a supposed clash between religion and human rights. Meanwhile, the delegate of Myanmar caused controversy by proposing to expel Muslims from their country, dismissing women's rights altogether. Amidst the chaos, the session showcased a blend of diplomatic posturing, incompetence, and outright absurdity.

Conclusion:



As the sun sets on today's committee session, one thing is abundantly clear: diplomacy is not for the faint of heart. From the confrontational stance of Bhutan to the clumsy missteps of India, and the dramatic breakups orchestrated by the UK, Spain, Greece, and Finland, the day was a whirlwind of chaos and controversy.

Yet, amidst the tumult, there were glimpses of the absurdity that often permeates international diplomacy. Myanmar's brazen disregard for human rights and gender equality served as a stark reminder of the challenges that persist in our global community.

Overall, today's proceedings may have been rife with drama and discord, but they also underscored the importance of dialogue and cooperation in navigating the complexities of our interconnected world. As we bid adieu to today's events, let us reflect on the lessons learned and strive to approach tomorrow's challenges with renewed vigor and diplomacy.



UNICEF

Chair-Vidhi Patni, Vice Chair-Niharika Singh

Agenda- It fortifies the support system for the mental health of children in post war-zones.

UNICEF- "Peace is not absence of conflict, it is the ability to handle conflict by peaceful means."

The committee started with Ayesha Arora entering the committee and announcing an unmoderated caucus for a total time of 10 minutes, in which the delegates discussed the DR. The DR or draft resolution is the final sheet where all the best solutions the delegates have discussed are placed.

Once the chairs arrived, a roll call the committee moved to GSL speeches. After a few GSL's, a motion was raised for a moderated caucus for a total time of 20 minutes which was later extended to 26 minutes, the topic was, "Obstacles in offering infrastructural assistance in regions affected by conflict". The motion was raised by the delegate of the Czech Republic. The delegate of the Czech Republic discussed how they could leverage technology to allow quality healthcare to reach these areas of conflict. The delegate of Sri Lanka urged that comprehensive damage reports should be taken to assess the situation. Then during the moderated caucus, a guest delegate came in and took the place as the delegate of Israel for around 10 minutes and discussed his extremely radical views on the Israel-Palestine war.



After lunch, the delegates were exhilarated and started working on their DR again and started merging the DR's of the 2 different blocks which were, "Block A" and "Block B".

At last the DR's of both the blocks were combined into the final DR, the final DR was discussed and the committee ended up passing.

Ultimately I would like to conclude my report with these inspiring words-

"Peace is not merely a distant goal that we seek, but a means by which we arrive at that goal."

-Ahaan Nair



I am sorry for the pain they caused you, I didn't know what the humans could do, For you to be healthy I made them, But,I didn't know they would cause mayhem!

A man, so smart but blind, Leaves common sense far behind, They are moving so fast and are living large, Forgetting that you are in charge.

Well, this conversation might be what God and our Earth must be having. Human activities all around the world are destroying our mother nature. The climate change taking place on this planet is perishing the resources for the future generations. The committee,

UNFCCC, gathers to discuss such problems and find solutions for them.

When the delegates gathered in the committee room they noticed that the EB was missing. The secretariats invaded the committee and explained that there had been



some problem because of which the arrival of the Executive board had been delayed.

The secretariats started asking questions about how the blocks, working paper, sponsors, signatories and authors are going. As the interrogating session continued the delegates answered with full confidence. The secretariats were astonished listening to the delegates as they made one unanimous block with a proper number of signatories and sponsors. The secretariats described the committee as the "most disciplined committee". This compliment bought the delegates a moment to be proud. Then the delegates were granted an unmoderated caucus of 20 minutes but, due to the late arrival of the Executive Board the unmoderated caucus got stretched to 45 minutes.

After the chair's and the vice chair's arrival the delegates got to give their GSLs. With a lot of conviction and determination the delegates spoke out their speeches. Well, no wonder why the Bureau is stressed, they need to judge such applaudable speeches!!!!

Everyone in the committee deserves to get the award, everyone is capable of it.

The delegates got an unmoderated caucus of 20 minutes but it seemed that everyone needed more time so it extended to 35 minutes in which the delegates discussed the solutions with each other. Then the chair explained all about the draft resolution, the format, the word limit etcetera.

All the delegates made commendable DRs which were mailed to the EB. Everyone then headed towards Lunch

On coming Back a bunch of delegates were still discussing the draft resolution they mailed it to the chair.



Post Lunch the committee was in an excited mood and as the chair himself was in a happy mood he put on the video of the MU 20 conference. Air of happiness rushed through the room. A lot of banging and shouting took place in the committee. The committee that day went home with a happy mood. Well, on this note I will now sign out leaving this short poem with you.

Don't you feel at night, Suffocation in the absence of light, The future will be bright, Oly, if the climate is right.



UNFCCC

-Niyati Kumar





UNHCR

AGENDA : Developing Strategies To Increase International Burden-Sharing By Improve Resettlement Options And Facilitating The Integration Of Refugees Into Host communities Chairperson :-Addhyan Sharma, Vice-Chairperson:- Iram Syed Report by- Aditri Kashyap

I am a courageous spirit, The world has yet to hear and see, I am need of some good news and dearest merits, To set my brothers, sisters and comrades free. But, they say that I am nothing but a descendant of a manipulative breed,

Who continues to hound them, and is full of greed. I am unaware why and what caused them to inflict such hate towards me,

I can't stop thinking about the reason; it is taken to my heed.



The poem given above mentions a refugee who is discriminated against and persecuted by particular groups, when he just wants to seek a sheltered land, to find his peace. He is also desperate to finally hear good news-that is- an arrangement of resettlement where they won't be facing any troubles and to take his brothers, sisters and comrades (the other refugees who are seeking resettlement and asylum) along with him. Many asylum seekers and refugees dream quite similarly, but, on the contrary- only few are able to live it.

Continuing with what was left of Day 2 in the UNHCR, delegates spoke on 2 moderate caucuses :-'Discussion upon literacy and skill development of refugees' and 'Developing sustainable solutions for acceptance of refugees into host communities'. Both topics were raised by the delegation of France. About 8 GSL's were taken.

On day 3, that is the final day of this MUN- in UNHCR, The utmost true commitment towards the productivity and of the agenda was seen. After the executive board demonstrated on the structure of a DR, Delegates took a deep dive into the sea of determination. 2 blocs were formed, namely 'Plight Resolvers' and 'Maverick Minds'. They presented their respective direct Draft resolutions. 14 GSL'S were taken.

The First to present their DR were the 'Plight Resolvers' who named their DR , 'Draft Resolution 2.0' the sponsors of the DR were the delegation of The French Republic, The Republic of India, The Russian Federation and The Kingdom of Denmark. The delegate of the USA pointed out the incorrect names of countries in the signatories. Unfortunately the DR, 'Draft Resolution 2.0' was scrapped and not considered due to the lack of confidence in the sponsors. This was followed by loud thumps and bangs on their desks made by the other bloc.

Maverick Minds were second to present their DR, named 'Draft Resolution 1.11'. That too,was discontinued due to errors in the format. This might probably be the first time 2 draft resolutions were discontinued in such a short amount of time due to misconception. The Chairperson gave disappointed looks towards the nations and thus planned that an unmoderated caucus of total time being 2 minutes in order to revisit and edit the DR would continue after Venezuela's GSL. After the GSL and the unmoderated caucus, the chairperson advised both blocs to number their DR's correctly.



This MUN was a rollercoaster for the delegates, in which delegates were faced with many challenges, but they were trying to overcome the same by putting their best efforts. Delegates were very active throughout the committee sessions on all three days and surely learnt from their mistakes.

PRESS CONFERENCE: HYPOCRISY OF FRANCE IN THE UNSC ON ISRAEL-PALESTINE CONFLICT.

Interviewer (Aditri Kashyap): France supports Palestine and believes that is Israel is doing wrongful towards the Muslim people of Gaza but on the contrary, it doesn't let Muslims in its own country be given the full freedom to practice their religion openly. They are required to maintain 'public order'. One such example is :- Hijab bans in the public schools of France. How can you justify your statement in this case?

Delegation of France:- The Government of France is surely working on this issue and we hope some solutions will be taken upon it, thank you.



















